

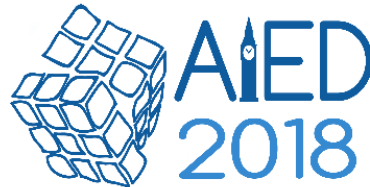
# Communication at Scale in a MOOC Using Predictive Engagement Analytics

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Paper link: [http://tiny.cc/aied\\_communication\\_paper](http://tiny.cc/aied_communication_paper)

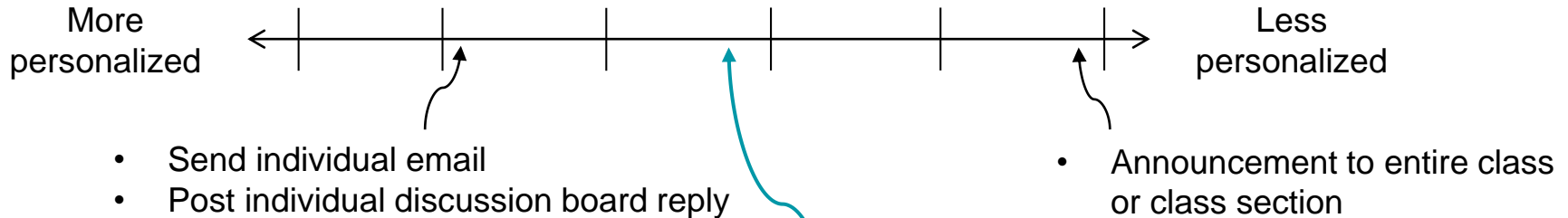


Computational Approaches to Human Learning (CAHL) research lab



# One-on-one instructor communication scarce in “at scale” classrooms

Communication options for online instructors:



## Main Objectives of the Research:

- 1 Provide instructors an intermediary level of personalized communication based on learners' engagement analytics
- 2 Deploy a working instructor communications interface in an edX course with daily updated analytics as proof-of-concept

# Related work on engagement (drop-out)

## Drop-out interventions

- Drop-out survey as unintentional intervention (Whitehill et al., 2015)
- Peer social chat within a course (Ferschke, 2015)
- Early warning course drop-out system on-campus (Jayaprakash, 2014)

## Drop-out prediction models

- Hidden Markov Models (Balakrishnan & Coetzee, 2013)
- Support Vector Machines (Kloft et al., 2014)
- Logistic regression (Jiang et al., 2014)
- Recurrent Neural Networks (Mi & Yeung, 2015) hand-engineered features
- Ensembles (Boyer & Veeramachaneni, 2016)

## Drop-out model frameworks for evaluation/replication

- Drop-out prediction replication frameworks (Andres et al., 2017; Gardner & Brooks, 2018)

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Additional Note on Motivation

**“What good is prediction?”**  
(asked yesterday)

We argue that making predictive models useable in real-world contexts is as valuable an endeavor for the AIED community as is discovery and data mining with those models

# Our Methodology

1. **Evaluate past predictive models** + RNNs (with representation learning) on a large course dataset
2. **Build an analytics backend API and front-end interface** for the communications dashboard
3. Using the best predicting modeling approach from the evaluation to provide actionable engagement analytics in the dashboard for a **deployment** course

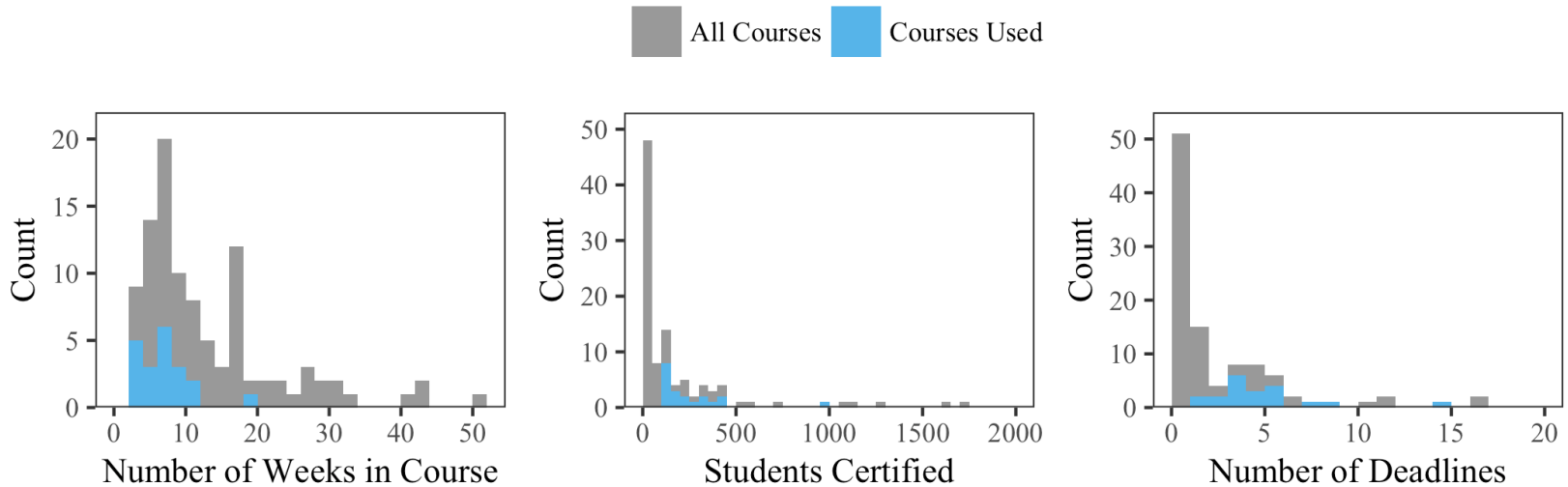
# Dataset

- Began with 102 edX MOOCs offered between 2015-2016
- Filtered by the following:
  - Instructor-paced only (checked via course descript & deadlines)
  - At least 100 certified (passed) learners
- This resulted in 21 courses, with one outlier having 3x the number of certified (removed)
- Final set was 20 courses with 13.6 million clickstream events total

# Dataset

Final set was 20 courses with 13.6 million clickstream events total

Comparison of distributions between the original 102 courses and the selected 20



Descriptive statistics for the selected 20 courses

Duration (weeks)			Unique Deadlines			Certified Students		
Min	Median	Max	Min	Median	Max	Min	Median	Max
4	7.7	19	2	4.5	15	102	189.5	958

# Prediction Models Evaluated

1. LSTM (with hand-engineered features)
2. LSTM (representations learned from clickstream)
3. K-Nearest Neighbors
4. Logistic Regression
5. Random Forests
6. Ensemble (of models 3-5)

A set of 12 hand-engineered features were used



# Prediction Models Evaluated

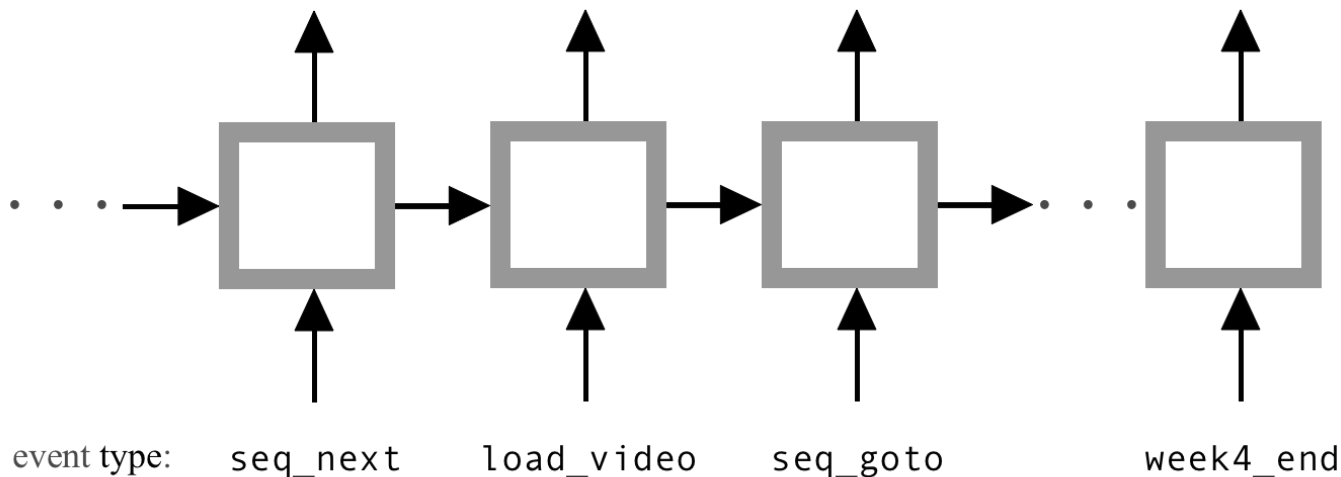
## Hand-engineered feature set

1. Total time<sup>3</sup> spent on learning resources<sup>4</sup>
2. Number of distinct problems attempted
3. Average number of attempts per problem
4. Number of distinct correct problems
5. Ratio of total time spent on learning resources to number of correct problems
6. Total time since last student action
7. Average time difference between submitting a problem and its respective deadline
8. Duration of the longest-observed learning event
9. Total time spent on video lectures
10. Standard deviation of duration of learning events
11. Ratio of number of attempted problems to number of correct problems
12. Percent time through a course

# LSTM Model Inputs and Outputs (representation learning version)

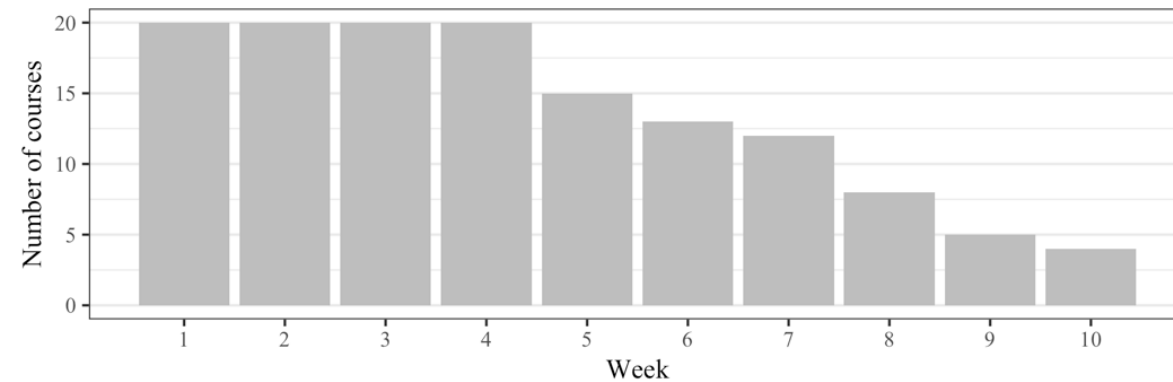
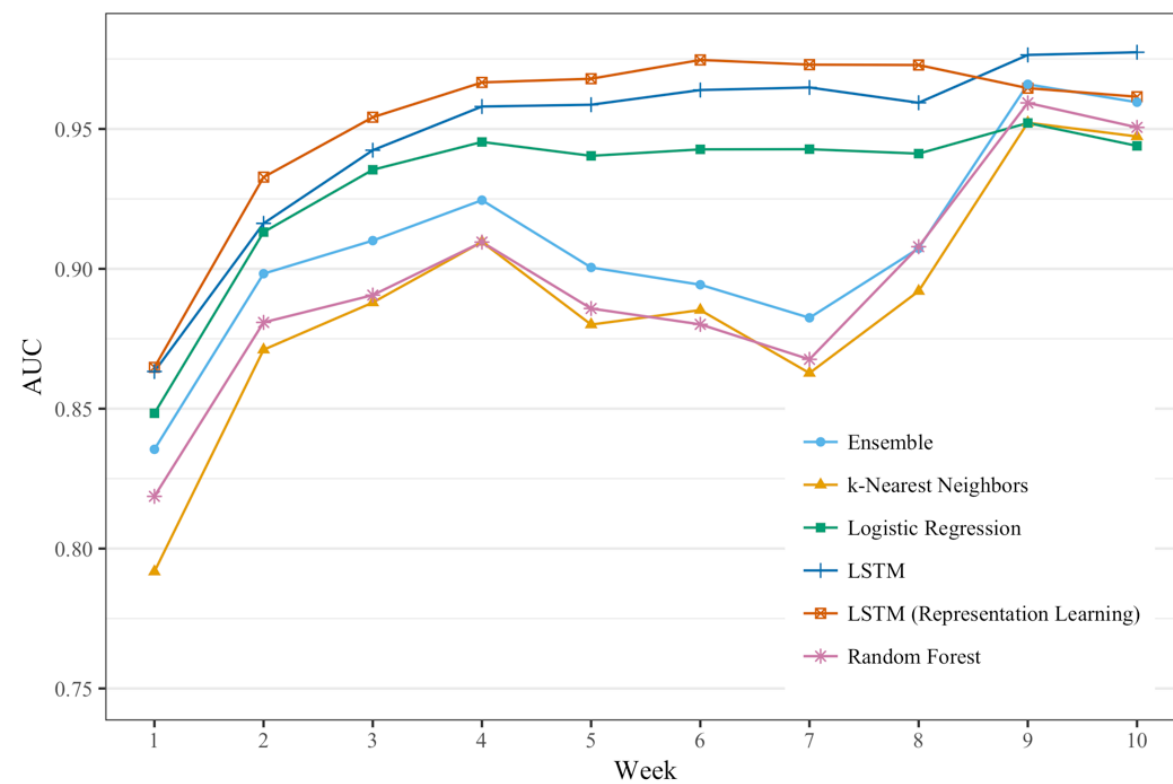
certification

label:	True	True	True	True
prediction:	0.434	0.397	0.589	0.782



# Prediction Results

- 5-fold cross-validation (16 courses training, 4 testing)
- LSTM with representation learning outperformed all other approaches except for last two weeks ( $p < 0.05$ )
- Logistic regression better than non-RNN methods (including Ensemble)
- LSTM (representation learning) used for additional drop-out and completion outcome prediction models



# Dashboard (front-end) Design

The screenshot displays the edX Instructor Analytics dashboard. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Course, Discussion, Wiki, Progress, Online Resources and Courseware Info, Syllabus, Chat, Pair Programming on Air, and Accessibility. Below this, the course path is shown: Course > Getting Started (Week -1) > Getting Set Up With Software For The Class > Instructor Analytics. The main content area is titled 'Instructor Analytics' and includes a 'Communicator' section. The Communicator section has radio buttons for 'Analytics' (selected) and 'All Learners', and a 'Load Past Communications' button. Below this are three histograms: 'Completion % chance', 'Attrition % chance', and 'Certification % chance'. An orange arrow points from the 'Completion % chance' histogram to a text box. At the bottom of the dashboard is a 'Compose Email' form with fields for 'Instructor Name', 'From', 'Subject', and 'Body'. An orange arrow points from the 'Compose Email' form to another text box. A footer note states: '\*Please check the maximum daily recipient limit of your email provider. For example, Gmail is 500 per day.\*'

Student engagement analytics displayed on staff only viewable dashboard

Instructor selects learners to communicate with based on analytics consisting of per-student predictions of:

- Completion
- Attrition
- Passing/Certification

*[generated from daily edX event logs]*

Email composed and sent to selected learners

DEMO

# Selection of recipients based on engagement analytics

A

Select recipients by:

Analytics  All Learners

B

Load Past Communications ▾

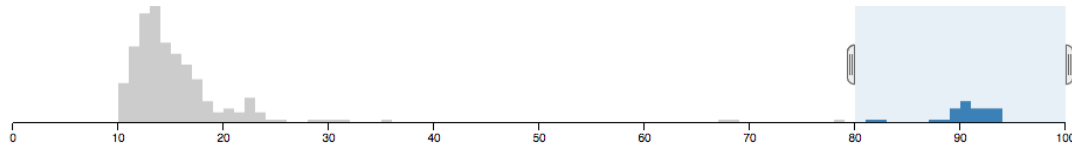
C

Analytics pre-sets to try:

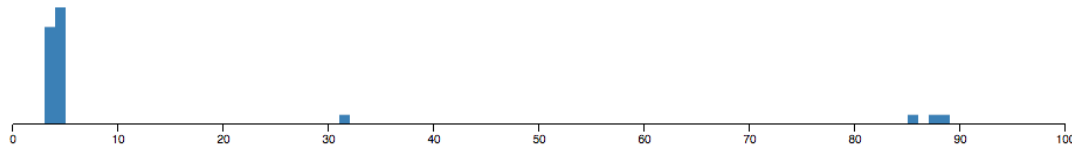
Predicted to complete but not to earn a certificate

Predicted to attrit and not complete

Completion % chance [reset](#)

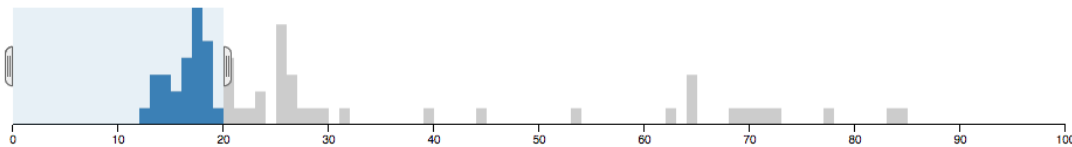


Attrition % chance



D

Certification % chance [reset](#)



# Composition of email to selected recipients

E

## Compose Email

Recipients: 26 Learners

Instructor Name  Instructor Email

**From**

Subject

**Subject**

Use [:fullname:] to insert learner's full name and [:firstname:] to insert learner's last name

**Body**

Automatically check for and send to new matches found daily

\*Please check the maximum daily recipient limit of your email provider. For example, Gmail is 500 per day.\*

EMAIL SERVICE

- Server sends the predictions file to the client
- Client sends email parameters to server for communication

SERVER

CLIENT

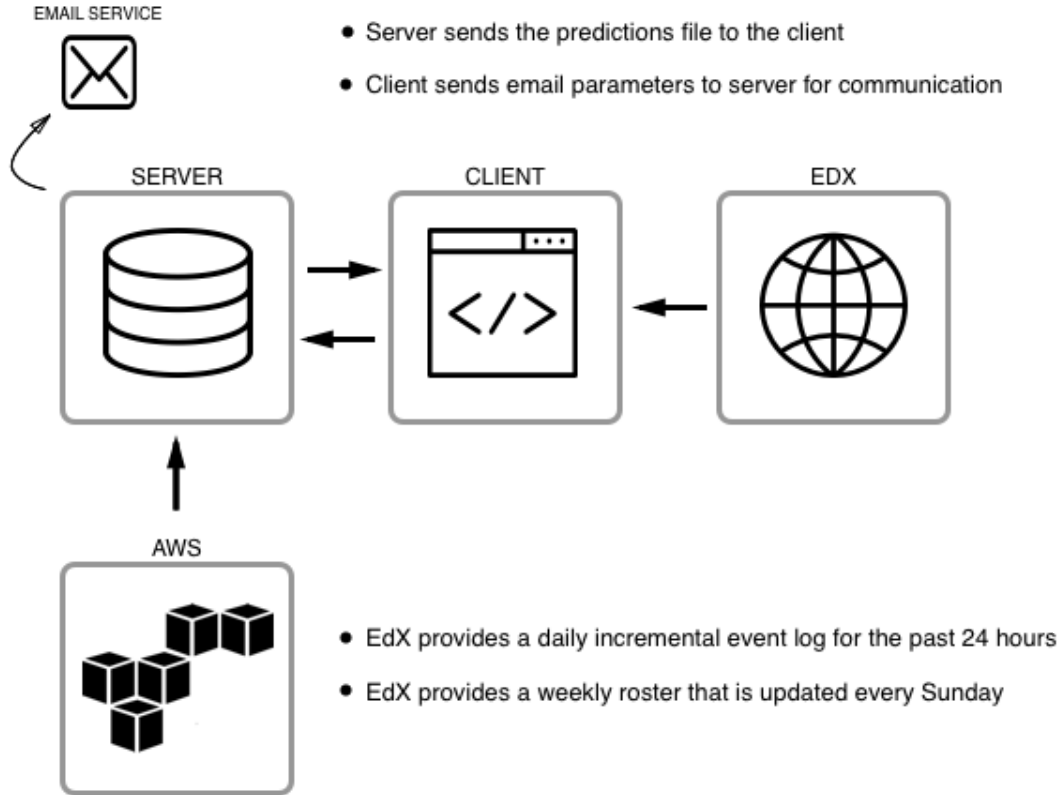
EDX

AWS

- EdX provides a daily incremental event log for the past 24 hours
- EdX provides a weekly roster that is updated every Sunday

STAFF DEBUG INFO

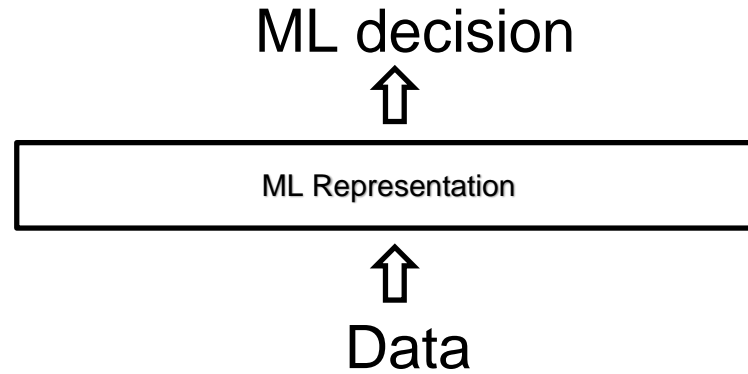
# Engagement Analytics (back-end) API



## Replication requirements

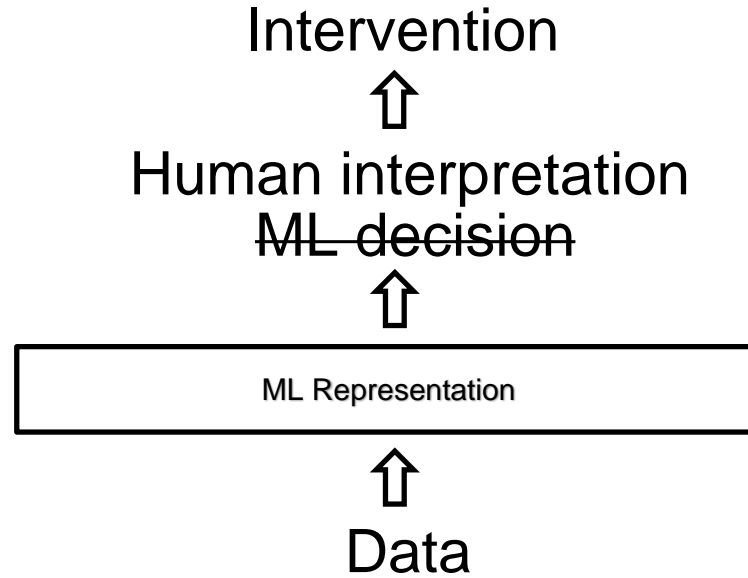
edX data assets	COMMUNICATOR
Staff course access to edX studio to insert dashboard html into vertical	X
<b>Daily event log</b> from deployment course e.g. <i>berkeleyx-events-2018-06-05.log.gz</i>	X
<b>Weekly roster</b> from deployment course e.g. <i>BerkeleyX-CS169.2x-1T2018-auth_user-prod-analytics.sql</i>	X

# Reflection on the role of AI in Education





# Reflection on the role of AI in Education



- Human-AI interaction
- Intelligence Amplification (IA) instead of AI
- Human-in-the-loop

# Contributions

- Features learned automatically (via representation learning) more effective than ensemble models using our 12 hand-engineered features
- Demonstration of making MOOC prediction models actionable in the real-world
- Publicly available “end-to-end” code base for full replication

# Future Uses of the Communicator

- Instructor personalized communications based on
  - Common wrong answers to a particular question
  - Scores on an assessment or collection of assessments (quizzes/tests)
  - Survey responses
  - Other predictive model outputs

# Communication at Scale in a MOOC Using Predictive Engagement Analytics

**Thank You!**

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**Questions?**

Paper: [http://tiny.cc/aied\\_communication\\_paper](http://tiny.cc/aied_communication_paper)

Code: <http://github.com/CAHLR/Communicator>

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